

Higher levels of multiple ecosystem services are found in forests with more tree species

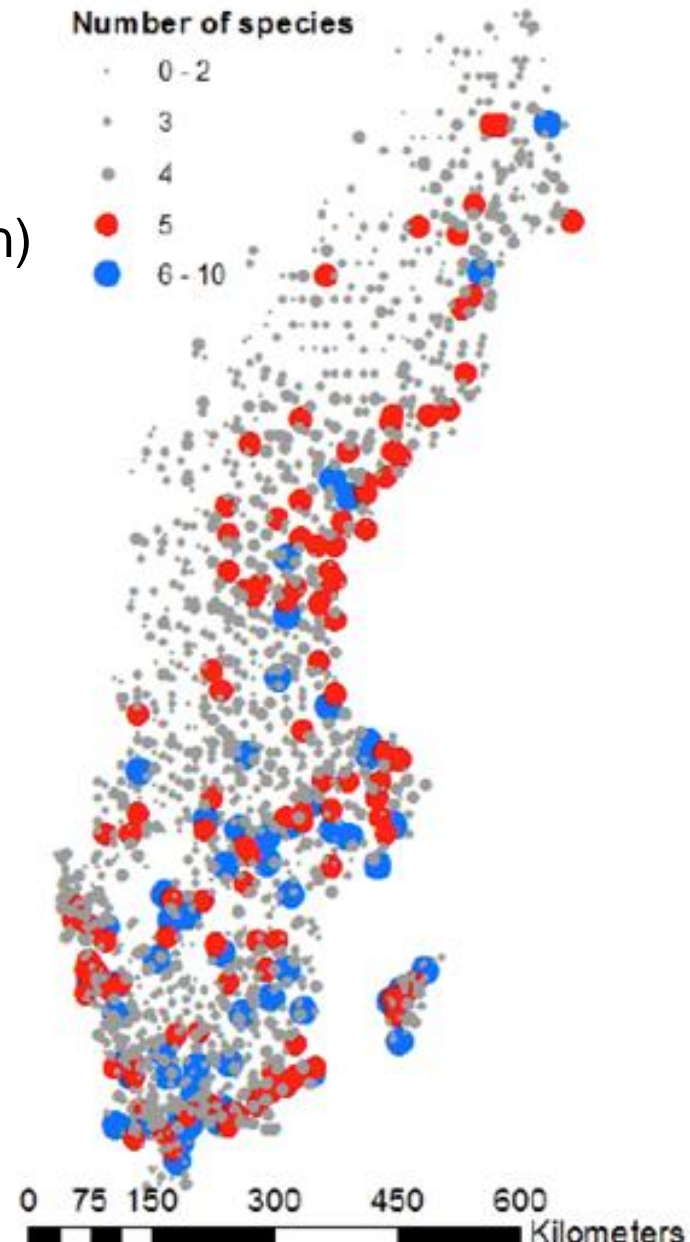
Lars Gamfeldt, Tord Snäll, Robert Bagchi, Micael Jonsson, Lena Gustafsson,
Petter Kjellander, María C. Ruiz-Jaen, Mats Fröberg, Johan Stendahl,
Christopher D. Philipson, Grzegorz Mikusinski, Erik Andersson, Bertil Westerlund, Henrik
Andrén, Fredrik Moberg, Jon Moen & Jan Bengtsson. 2013. *Nature. Comm.* 4:1340.
Länk: <http://www.nature.com/ncomms/journal/v4/n1/abs/ncomms2328.html>

Project questions

- What are the relationships between ecosystem services and tree species richness?
- What are the relationships between ecosystem services and the biomass of different tree species?
- What are the correlations between ecosystem services – is there any evidence for trade-offs?

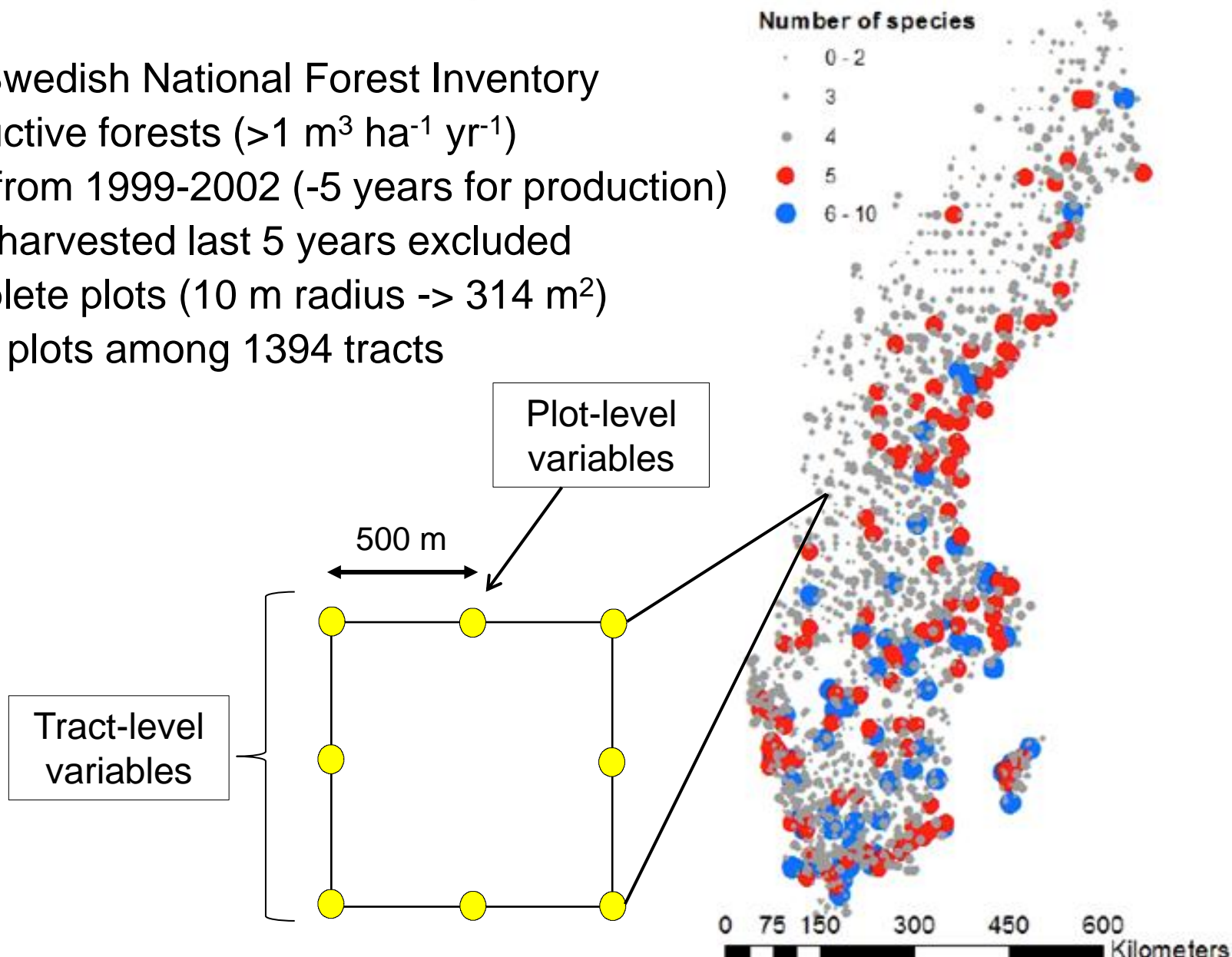
The empirical data

- The Swedish National Forest Inventory
- Productive forests ($>1 \text{ m}^3 \text{ ha}^{-1} \text{ yr}^{-1}$)
- Data from 1999-2002 (-5 years for production)
- Plots harvested last 5 years excluded
- Complete plots (10 m radius $\rightarrow 314 \text{ m}^2$)
- 4,335 plots among 1394 tracts



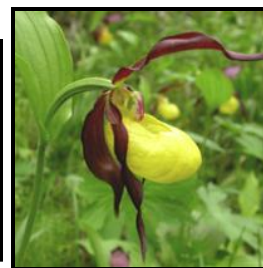
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Six ecosystem services

- Tree biomass production ($\text{kg m}^{-2} \text{ yr}^{-1}$)
- Soil carbon storage (g m^{-2} in topsoil)
- Bilberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) cover
- Wild game production potential (cover of preferred food)
- Species richness of understory vegetation
- Dead wood occurrence



Analysis approach

Statistical modelling of ecosystems services as a function of environmental variables and tree species richness

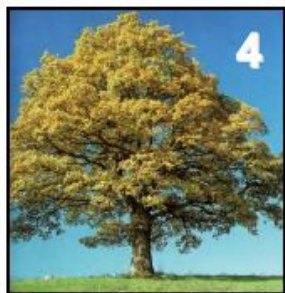
environmental variables:

- tract
 - Temperature
 - Nitrogen deposition
 - Humidity
- plot
 - ~~– Soil variables (moisture, pH, C:N ratio, soil type)~~
 - Biomasses of dominating tree species**
 - ~~– Interactions between the variables, the variables squared~~
 - *Stem density*
 - *Site productivity (a productivity index)*
 - *Basal area*

Biomasses of tree species

- 20 tree species (1-10, in any given plot, 98.5% <6 species)

1. Spruce (*Picea abies*)
2. Pine (*Pinus sylvestris*)
3. Birch (*Betula* spp)
4. Oak (*Quercus robur*)
5. Aspen (*Populus tremula*)
6. Beech (*Fagus sylvatica*)



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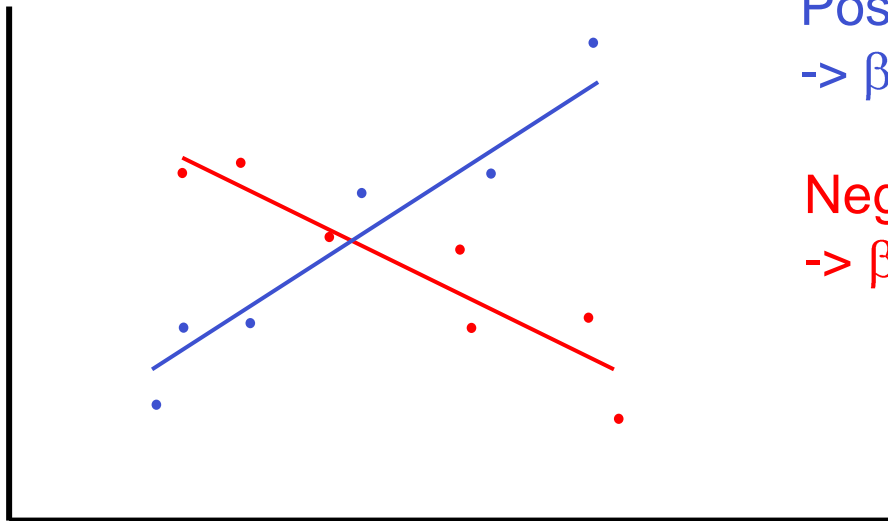
Tree species richness

Analysis approach

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$$ES = \alpha + \beta X$$

Ecosystem
service (ES)

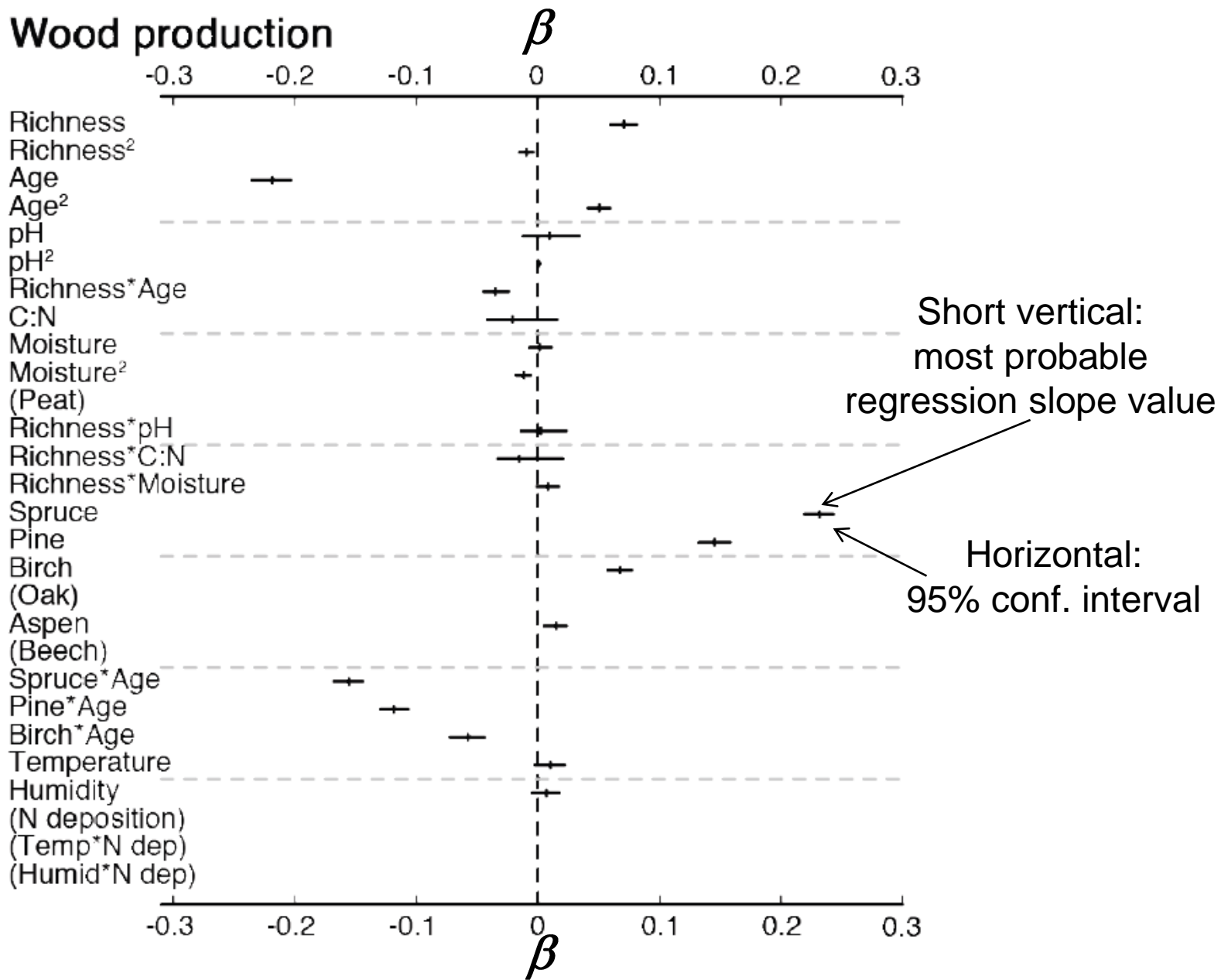


Positive relationship
-> β is positive

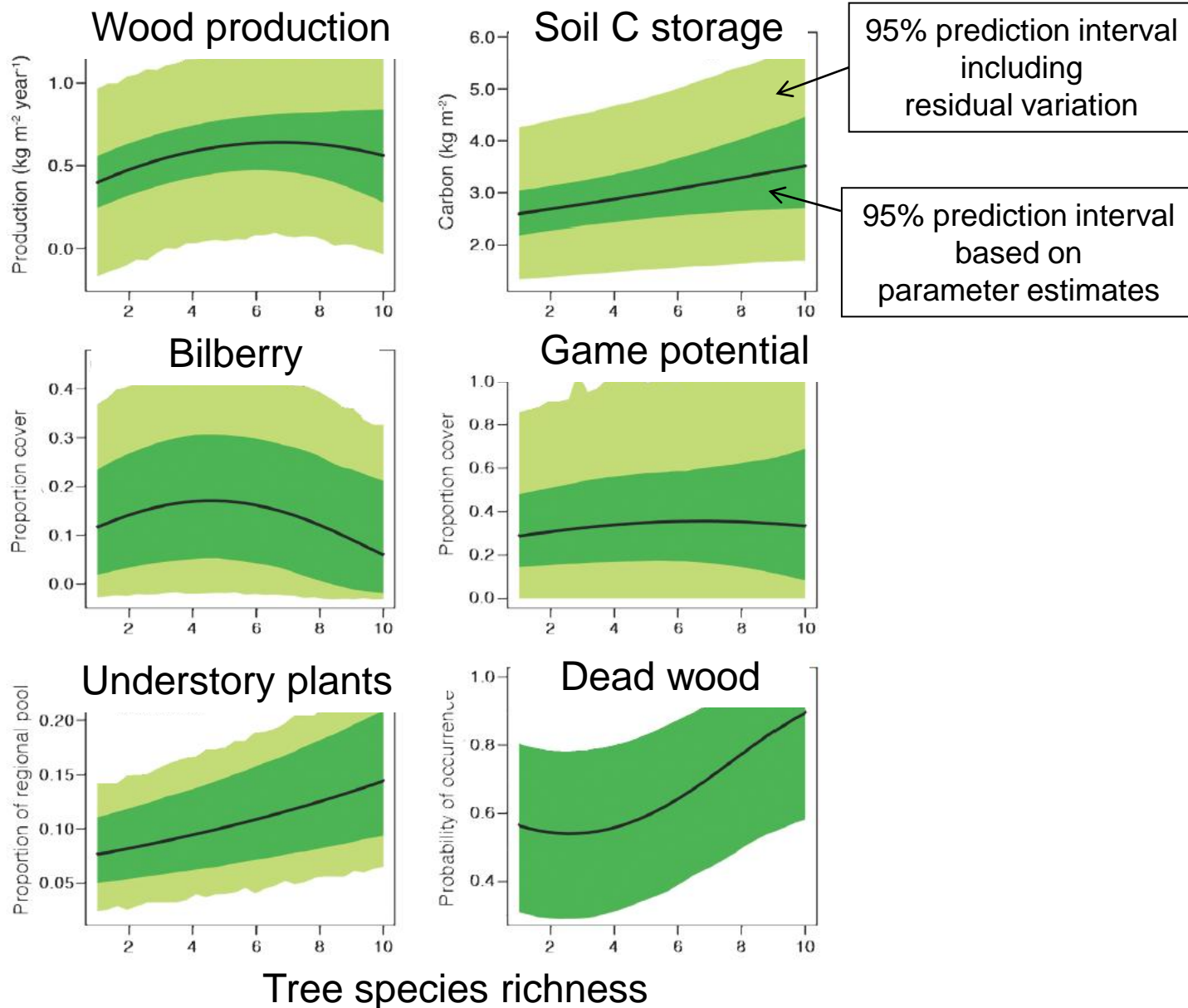
Negative relationship
-> β is negative

X

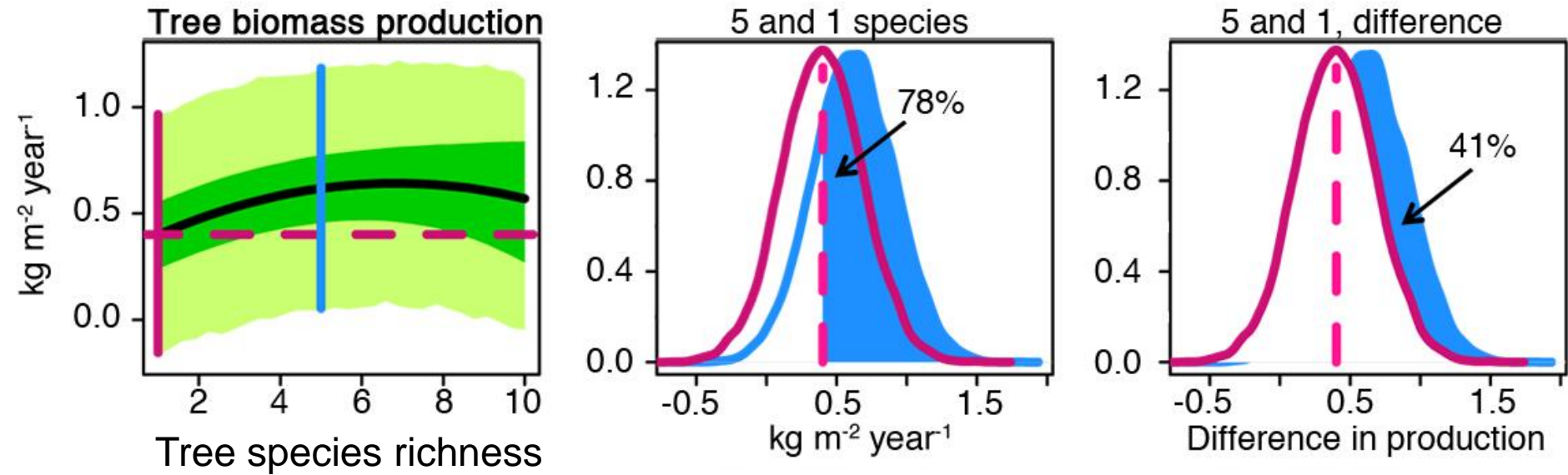
Tree biomass production



Relationships ecosystem services and tree species richness

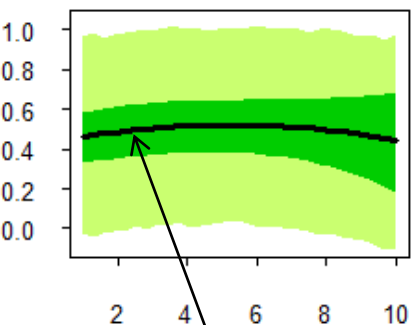


Confidence about relationship



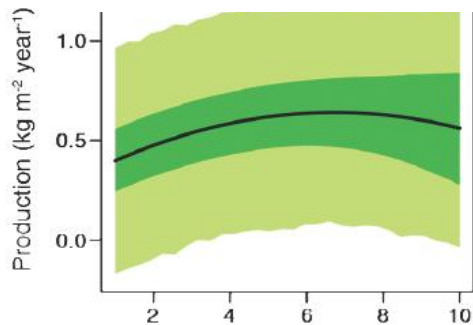
Relationships ecosystem services and tree species richness

Wood production

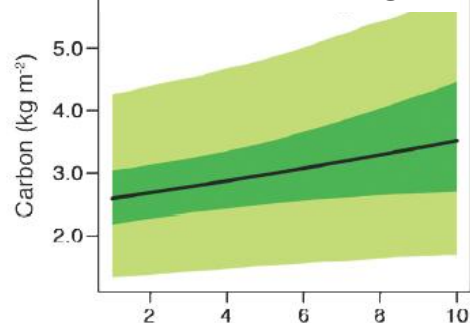


If including also stem density

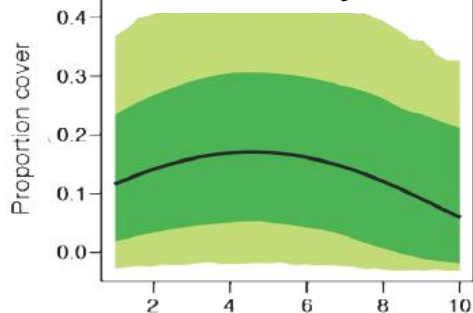
Wood production



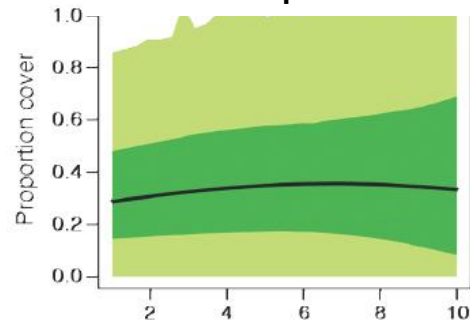
Soil C storage



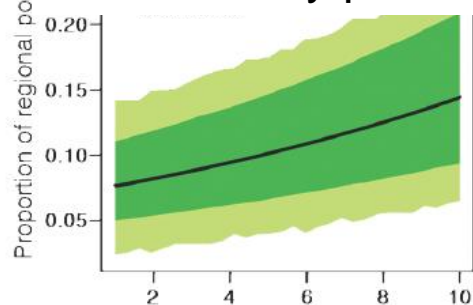
Bilberry



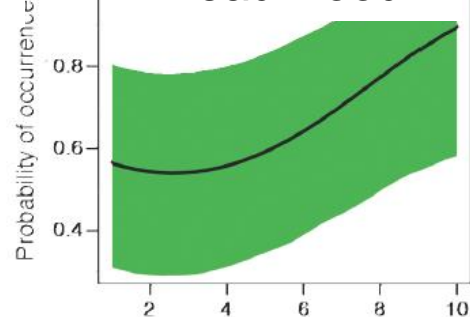
Game potential



Understory plants



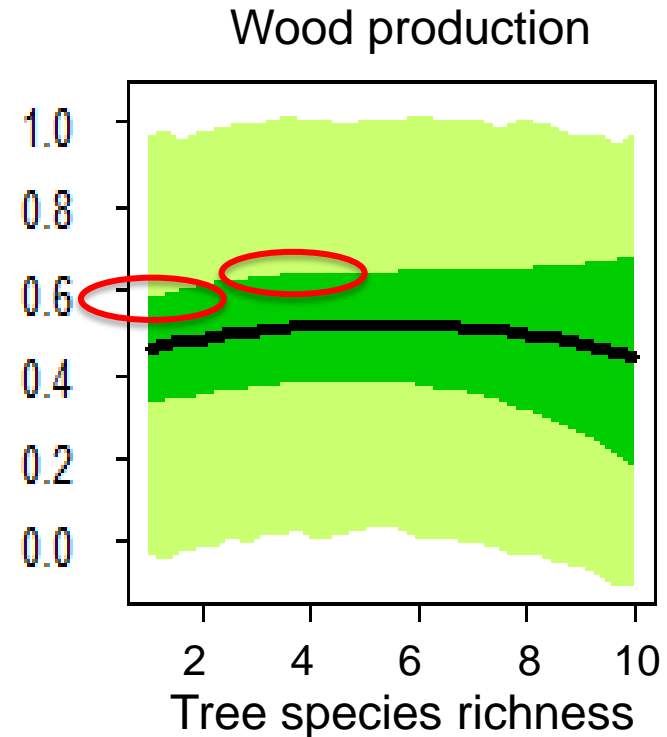
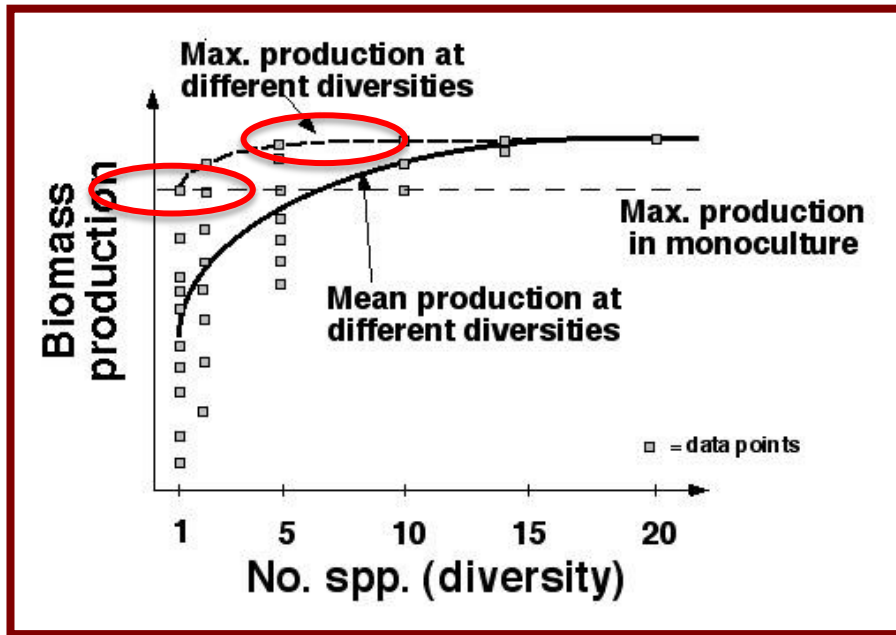
Dead wood



Tree species richness

No additional effect of
- Site productivity
- Basal area

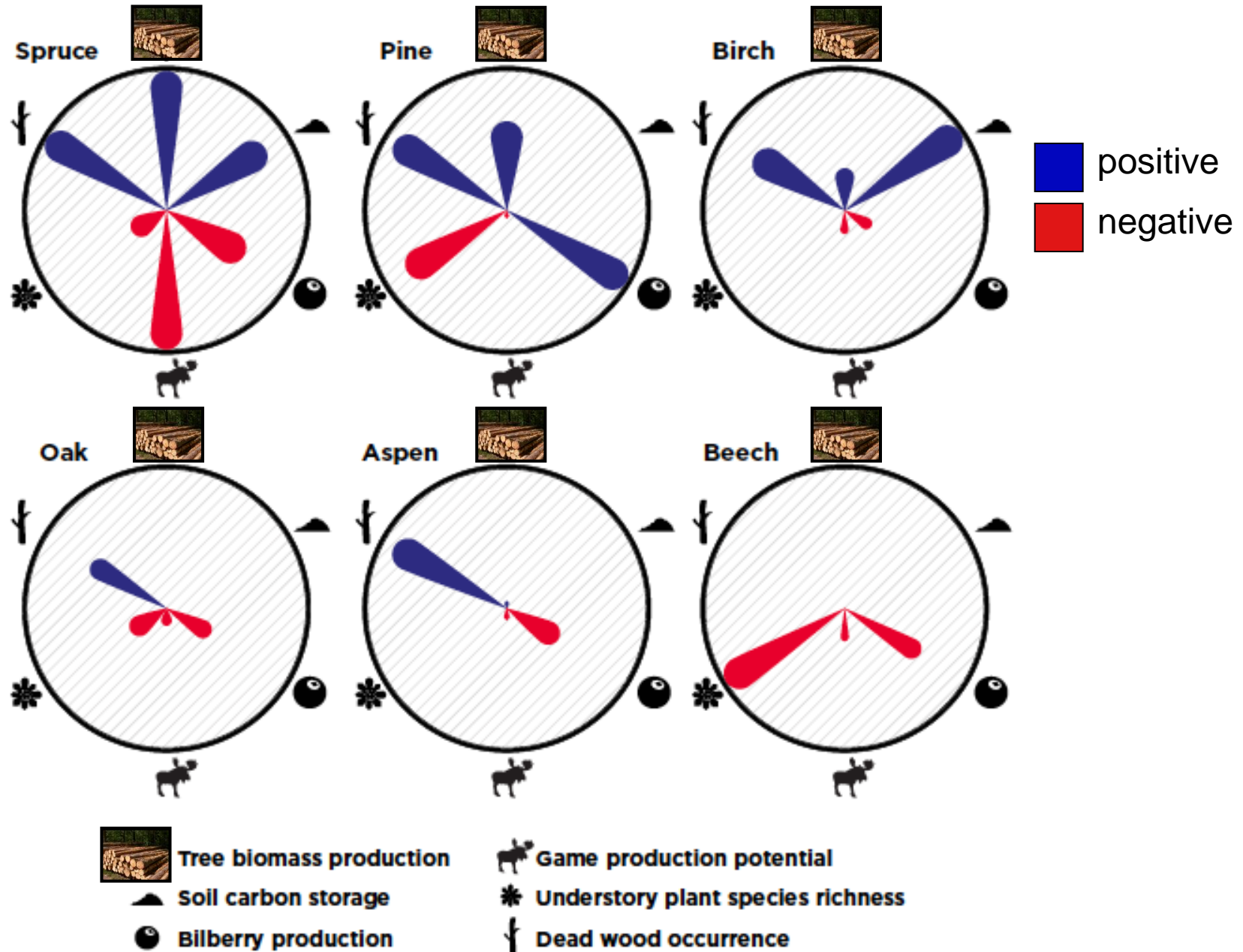
Tree species composition and site properties of multi-species plots with high productivity?



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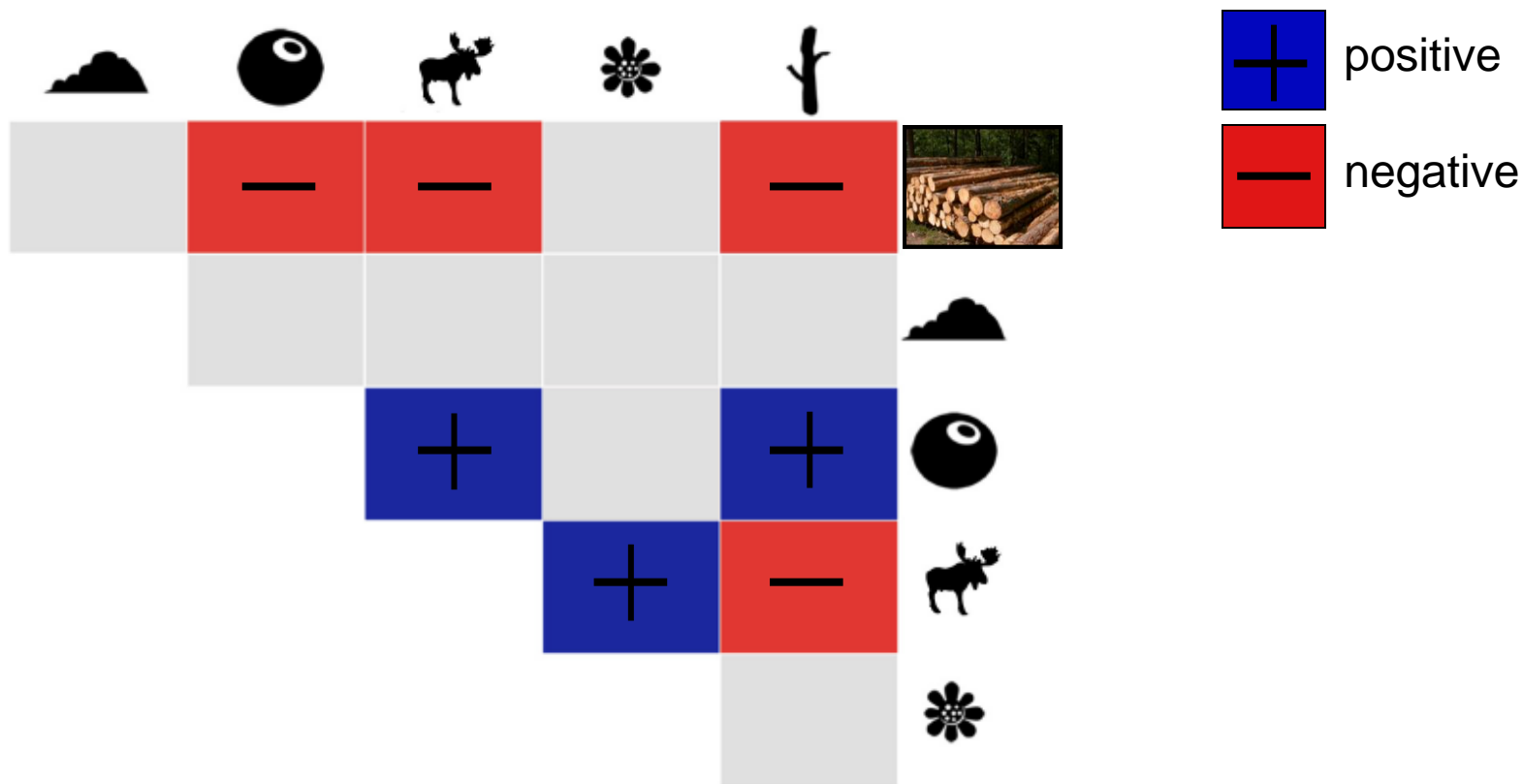
Tree species identity



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Trade-offs between services



Tree biomass production



Soil carbon storage



Bilberry production



Game production potential



Understory plant species richness



Dead wood occurrence

Conclusions

- There are positive relationships between ecosystem service levels and tree species richness, after accounting for environmental variables and tree biomasses
- The biomass of specific species important, but in addition there is a positive relationship to tree species richness
- More species-rich forest show higher multifunctionality
- Trade-offs between services exist, but higher levels of multiple services may be obtained with some mixing of tree species