



Sveriges lantbruksuniversitet
Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences

Ways and means - Ecological intensification for production and saving the environment

Prof. Riccardo Bommarco
Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences

Bertebos conference, Falkenberg, 28 August 2018

Challenge

- ✓ Food, energy for 9 billion people by 2050
...from the same agricultural land
- ✓ We need productive, stable, resilient agriculture
...that is environmentally friendly

E.g. Godfray et al 2010 Science

This paper
held Decem

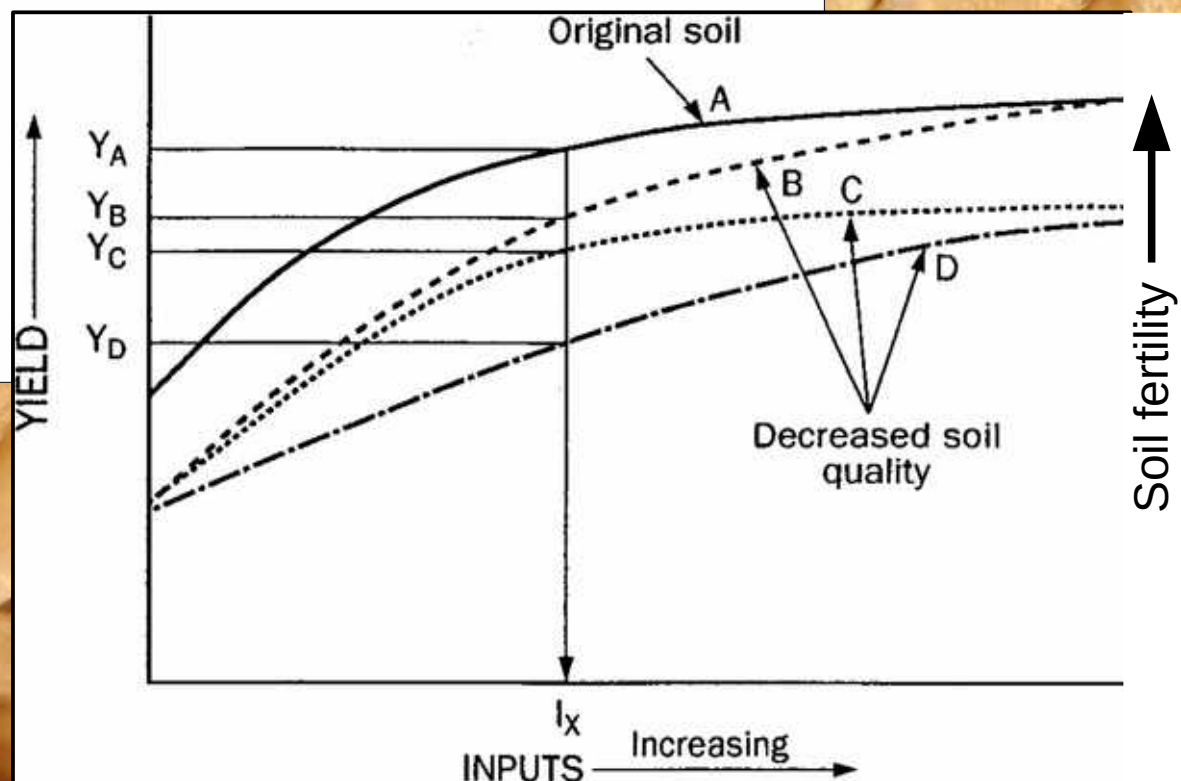
Ecological intensification concept

Ecological intensification of cereal production systems: Yield potential, soil quality, and precision agriculture

KENNETH G. CASSMAN

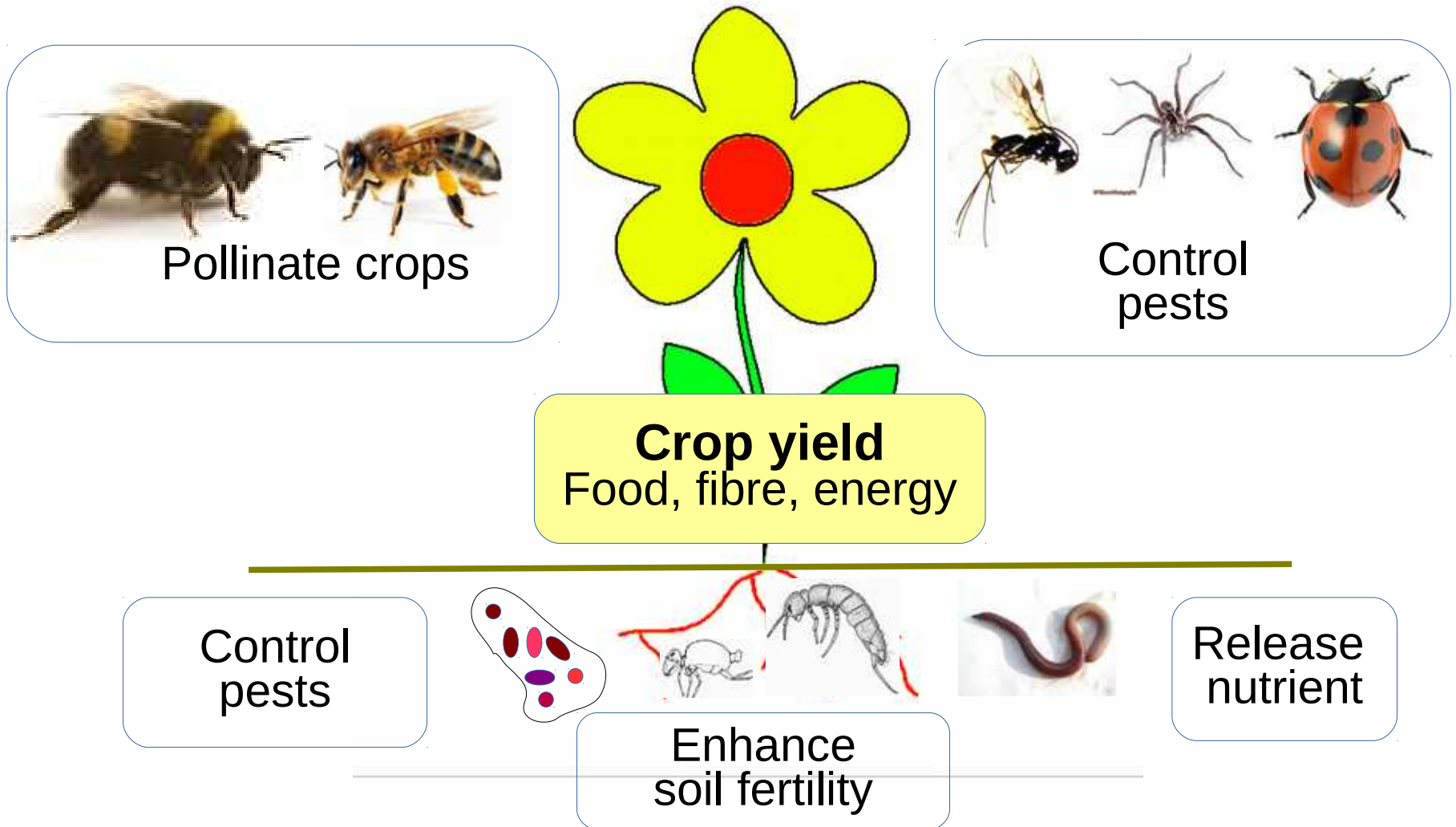
Department of Agronomy, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, NE 68583-0915

ABSTRACT Wheat (*Triticum aestivum* L.), rice (*Oryza sativa* L.), and maize (*Zea mays* L.) provide about two-thirds of all energy in human diets, and four major cropping systems in which these cereals are grown represent the foundation of human food supply. Yield per unit time and land has increased markedly during the past 30 years in these systems, a result of intensified crop management involving improved germ-

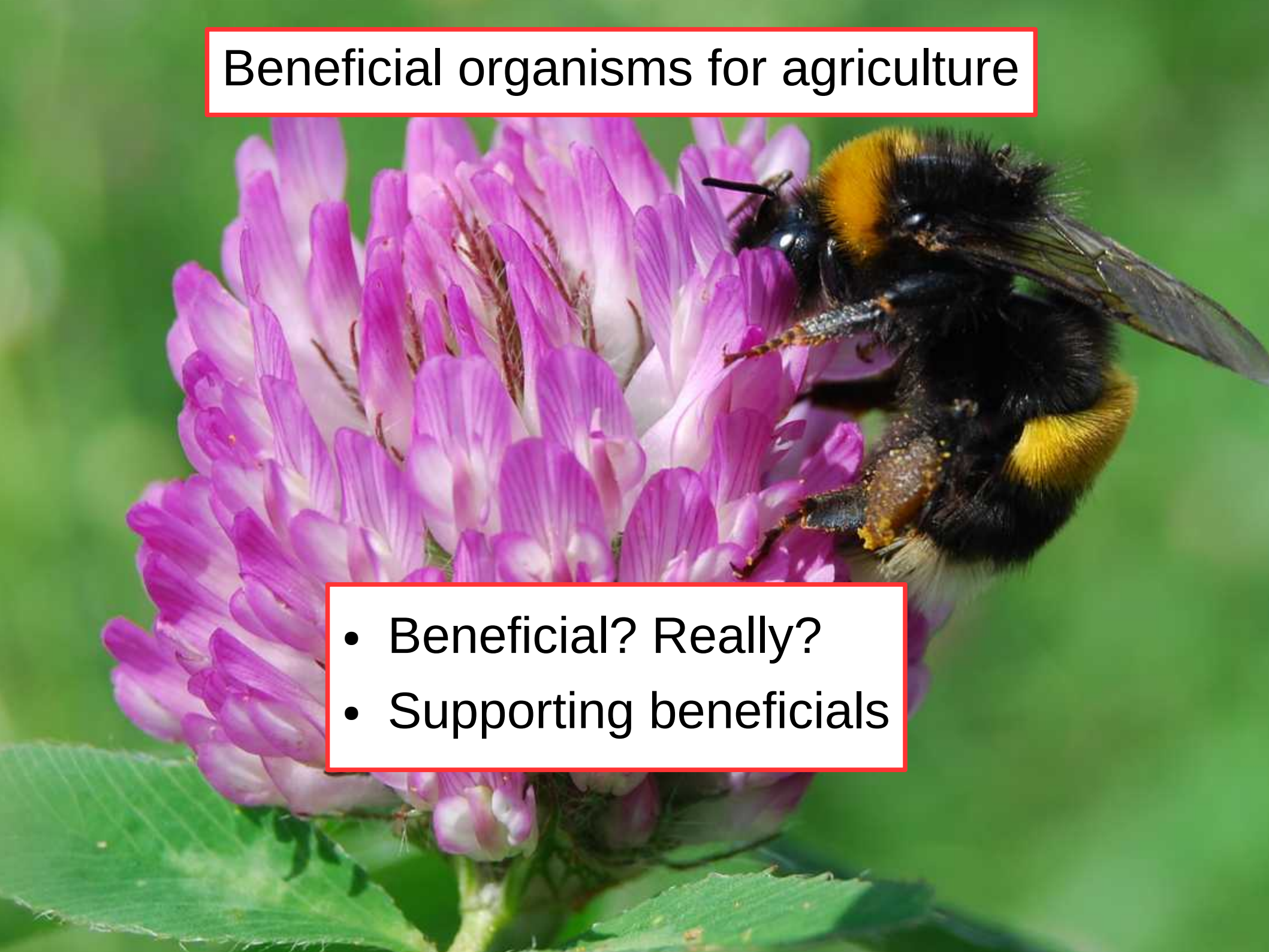


Ecological intensification concept


Adding boxes and opening them up



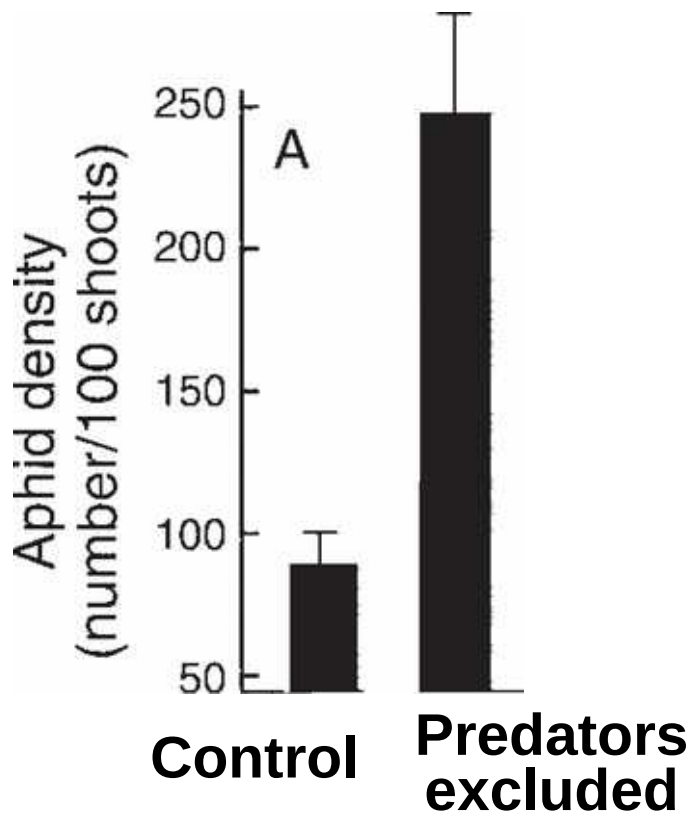
Beneficial organisms for agriculture

- 
- Beneficial? Really?
 - Supporting beneficials

Beneficial organisms for agriculture

- 
- Beneficial? Really?
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Cereal aphid pest control by natural enemies



5 European countries
8 conventional wheat fields
per country



Coccinella septempunctata © INRA, Bernard Chaubet



Tibor Bukovinsky, Wageningen University (Copyright 2008, BugsinthePicture.com)



Pollinators' contribution to yield



Net

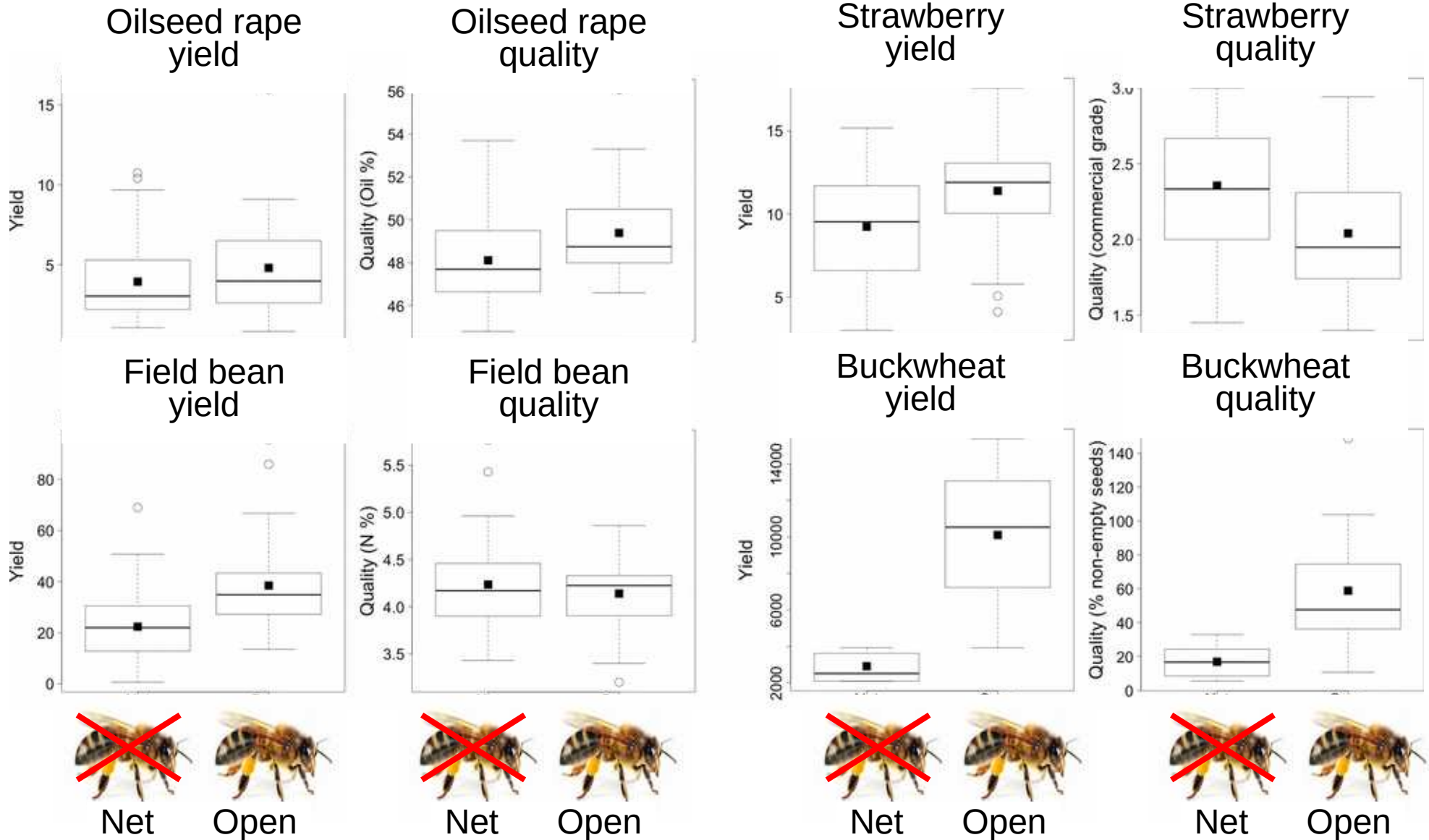


Open

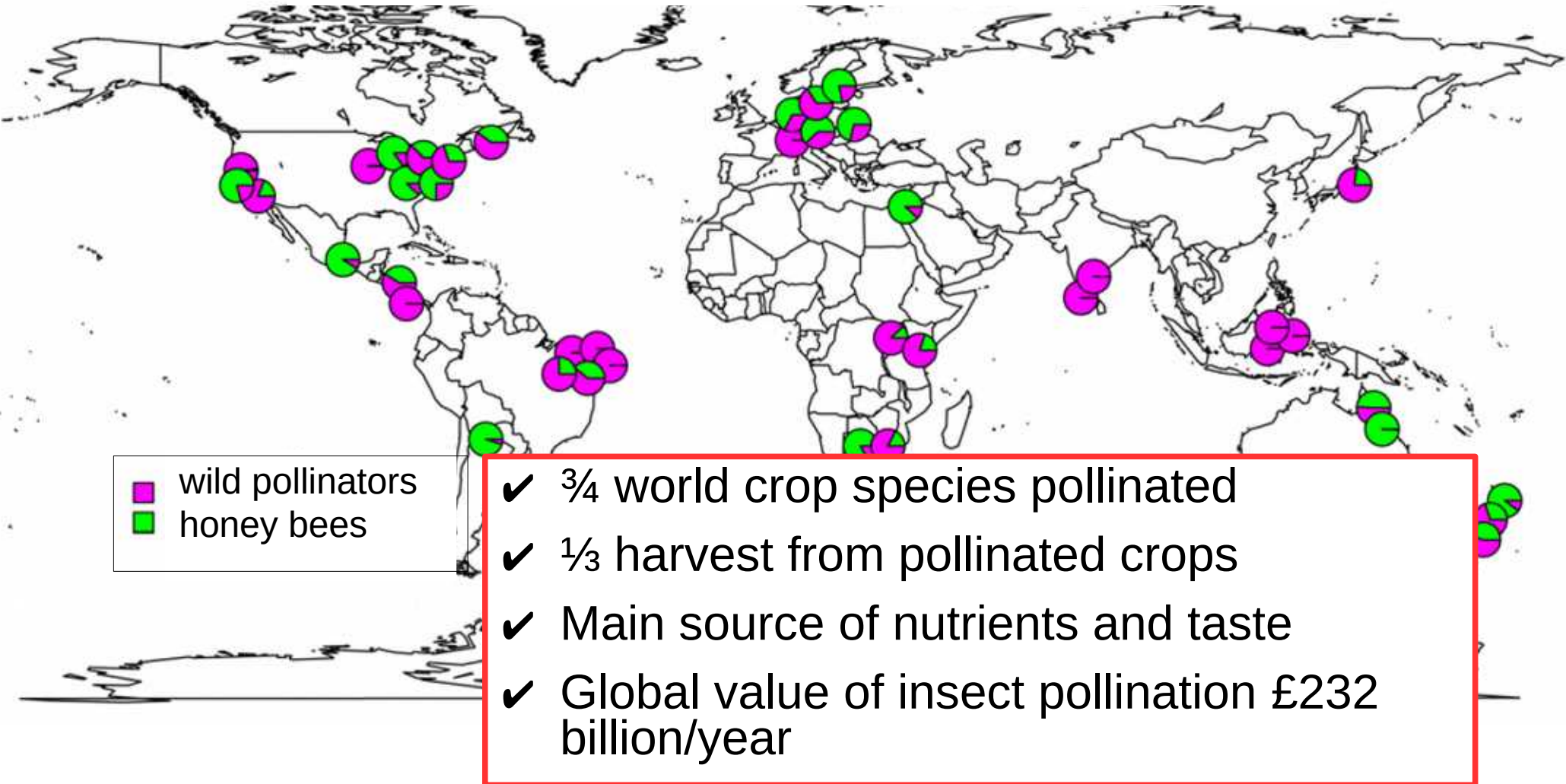
10 oilseed rape fields
Uppsala, Sweden

Bommarco et al. 2012
Oecologia

Pollinators' contribution to yield

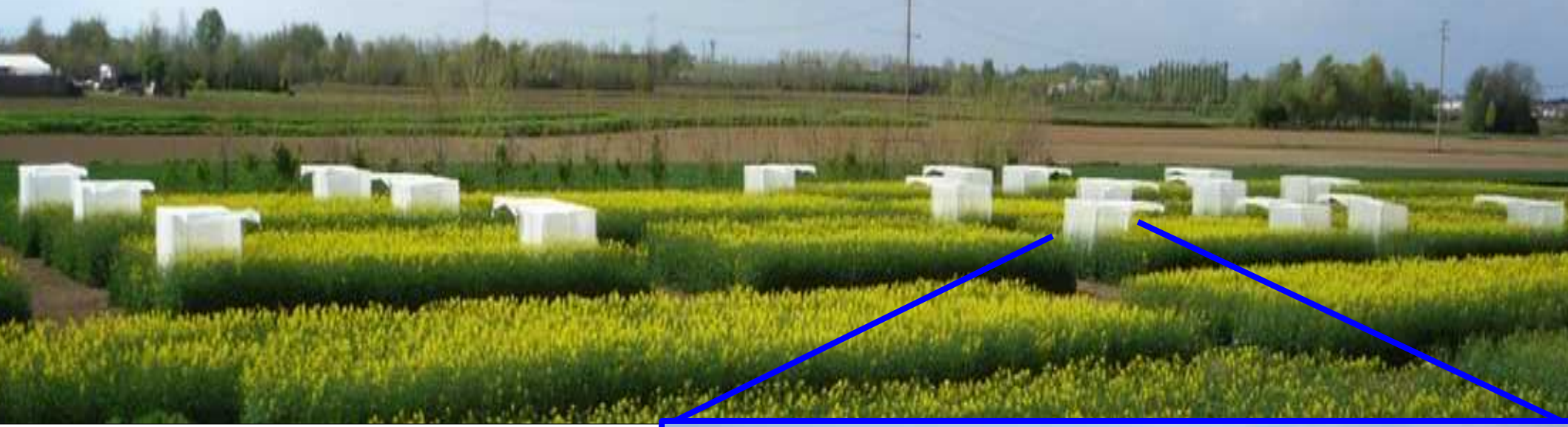


Honey bees *and* wild insects pollinate our crops



Benefits are context dependent

Nutrient + Variety + Pollination = Yield?



Sandra
Lindström

Lindström et al
2016 Oecologia

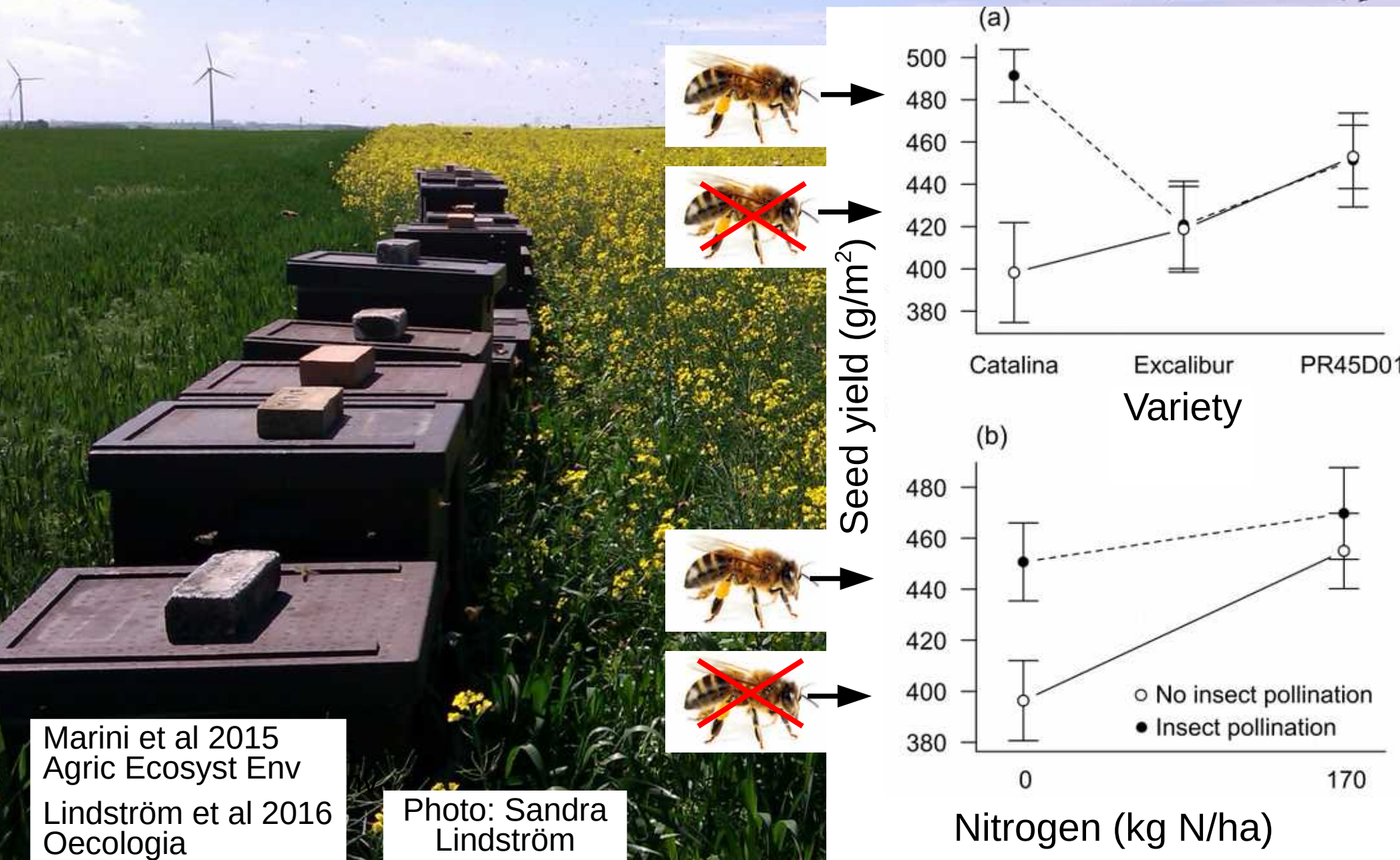


Lorenzo Marini

Marini et al 2015
Agric Ecosyst Env



Nutrient + Variety + Pollination = Yield?

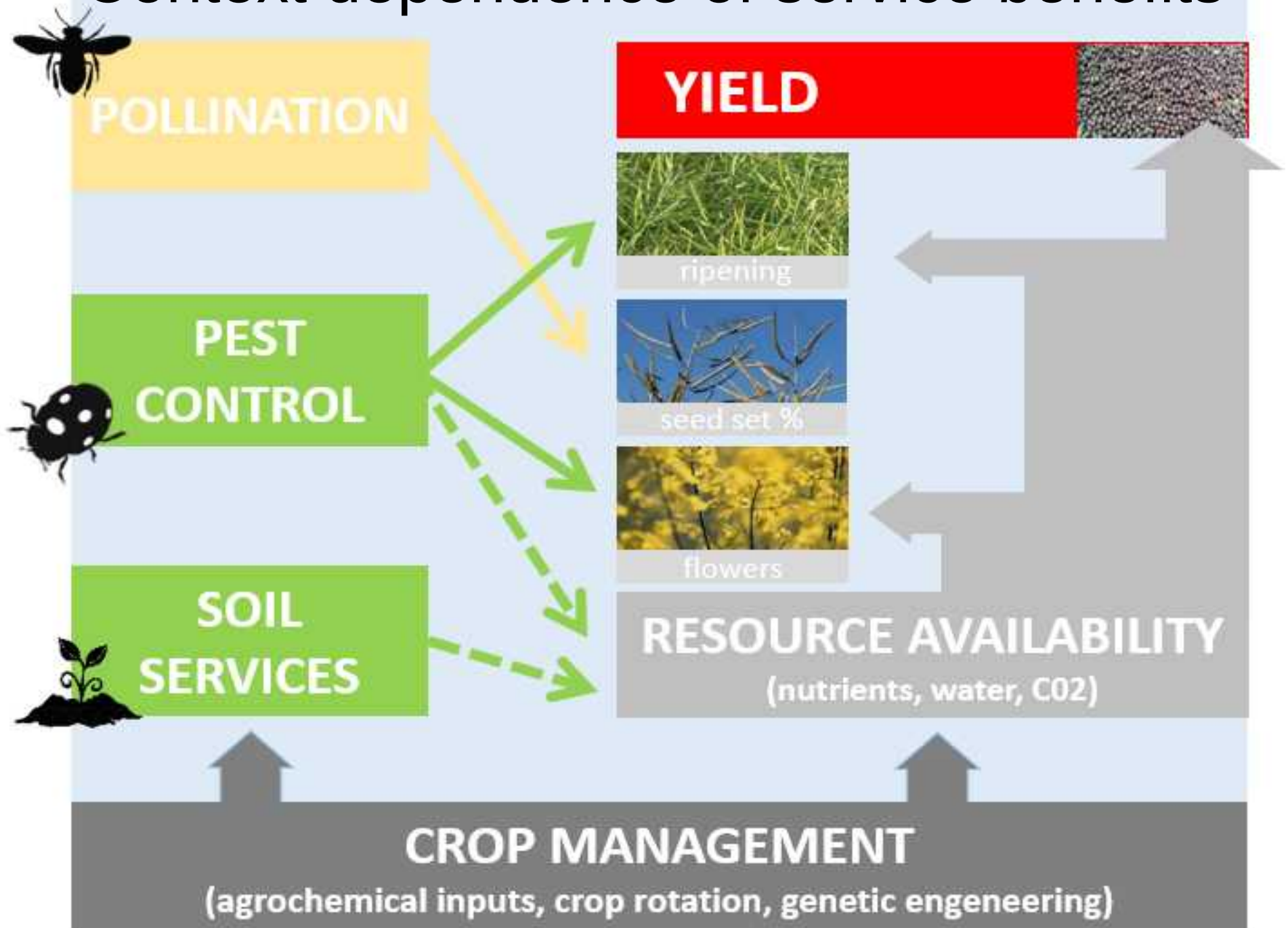


Marini et al 2015
Agric Ecosyst Env

Lindström et al 2016
Oecologia

Photo: Sandra
Lindström

Context dependence of service benefits





Conclusions

Beneficial? Really?

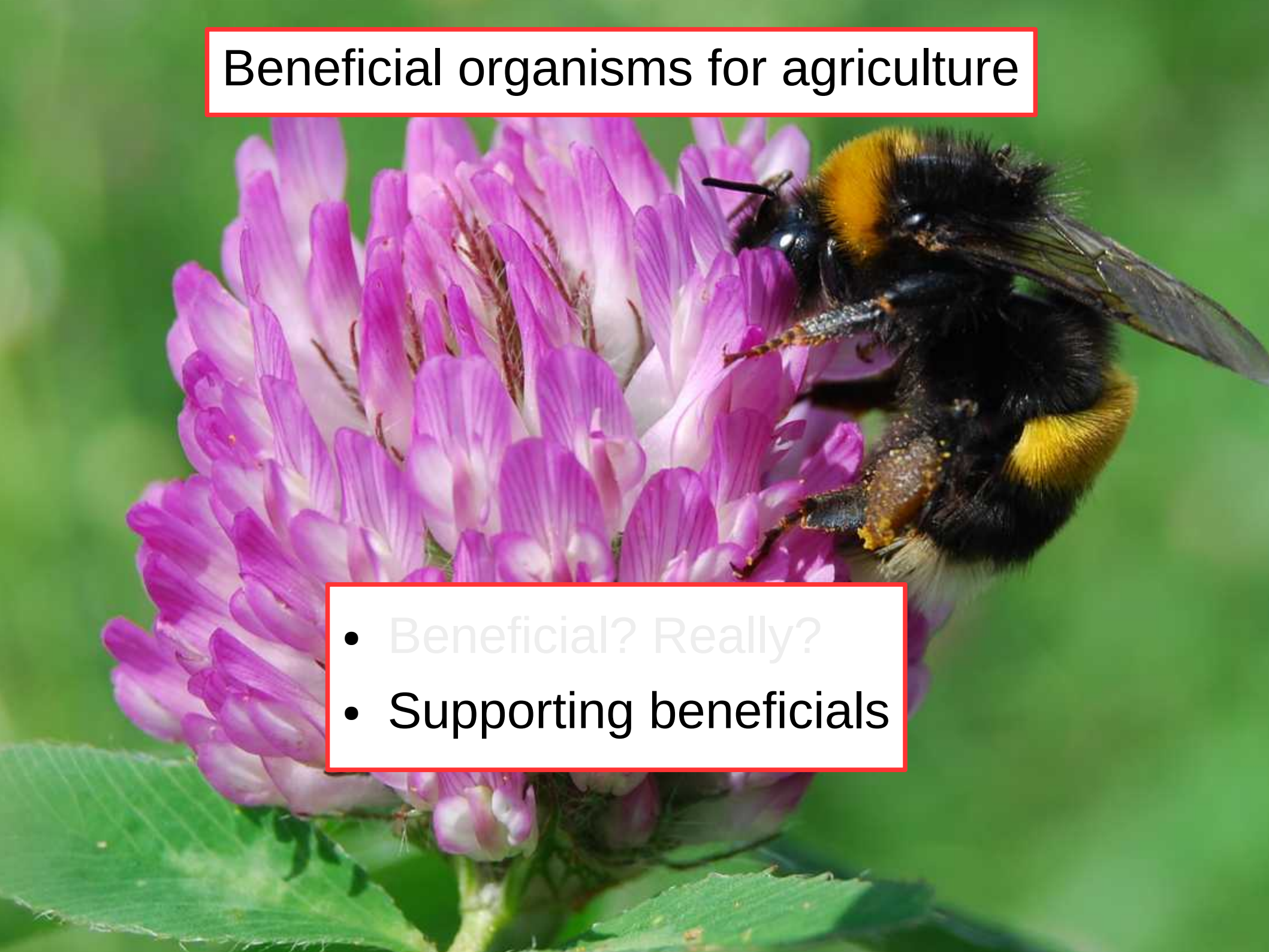
Yes, definitely!

Context dependencies?

Other pests, crops, varieties?

Resources and management?

Beneficial organisms for agriculture

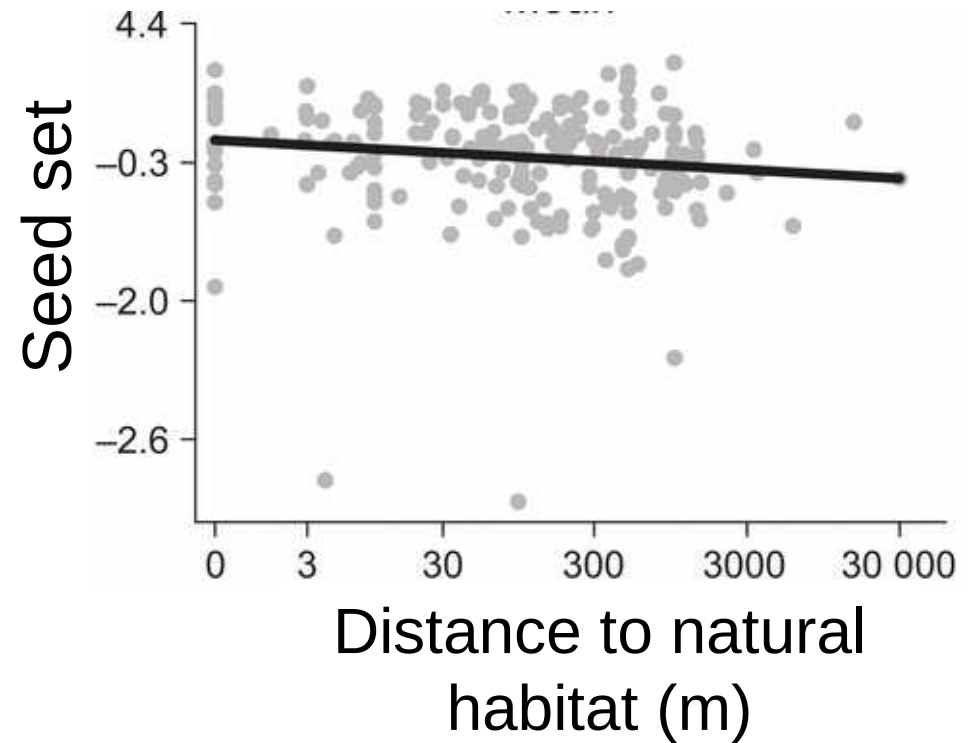
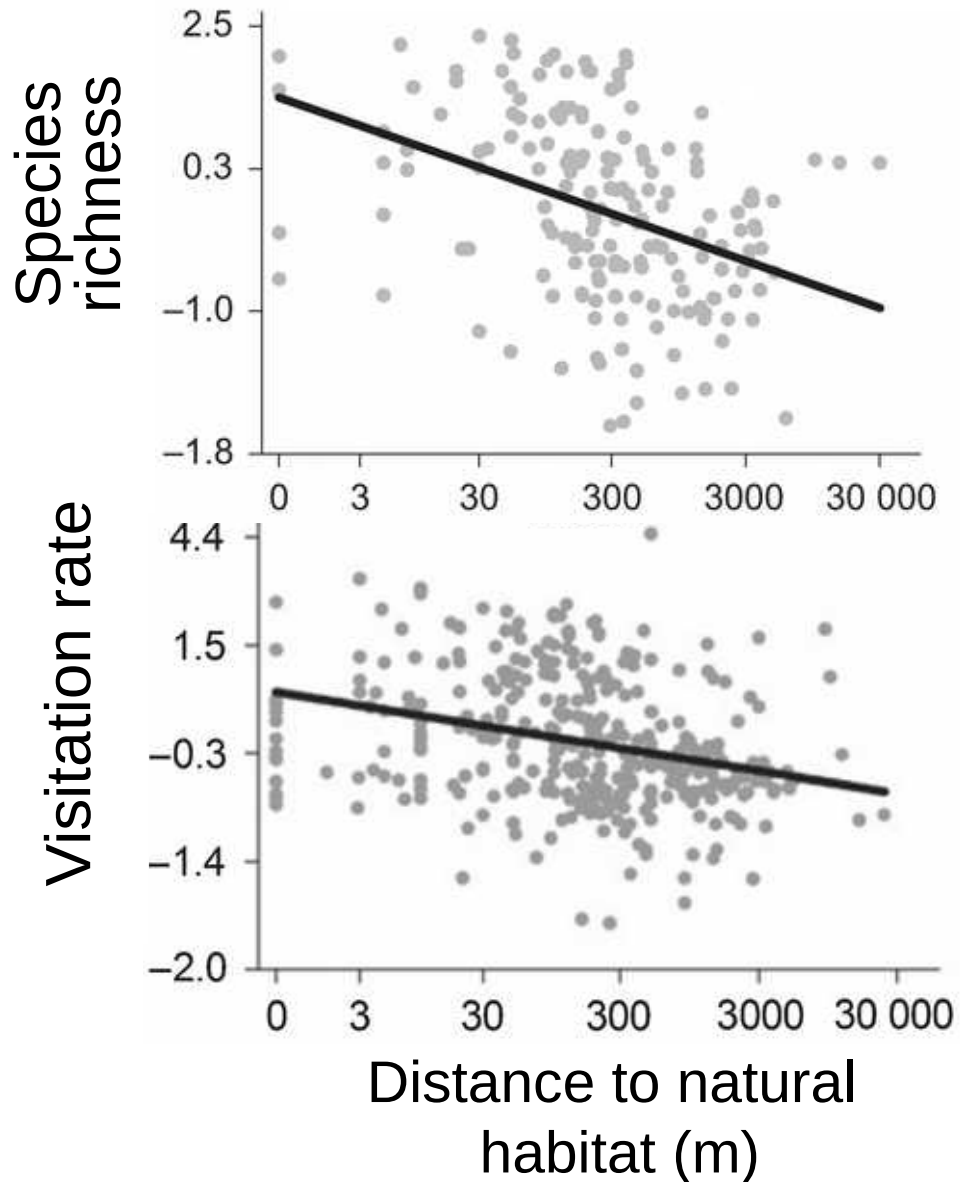
- 
- Beneficial? Really?
 - Supporting beneficials

Preserve natural habitat in the landscape



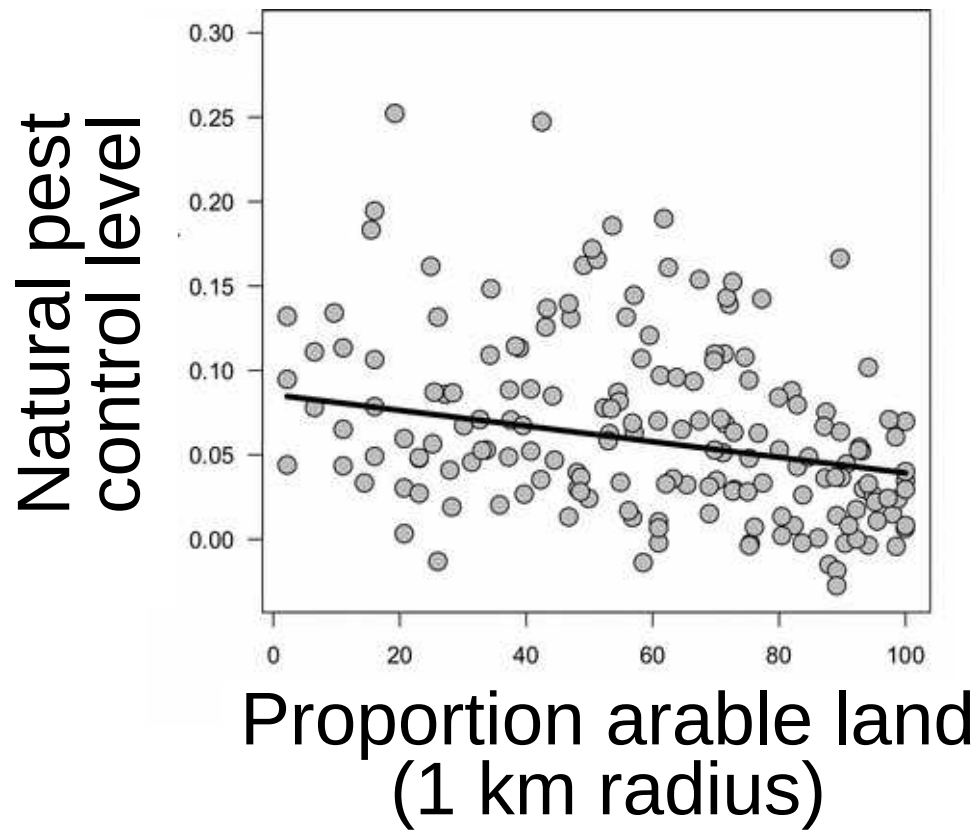
Photo: Diego Inclan

Global synthesis Pollinators and farm landscapes



Global synthesis
primary data
29 studies

Biological control of aphids in conventional wheat



5 countries 15 studies 175 fields
in Europe and USA



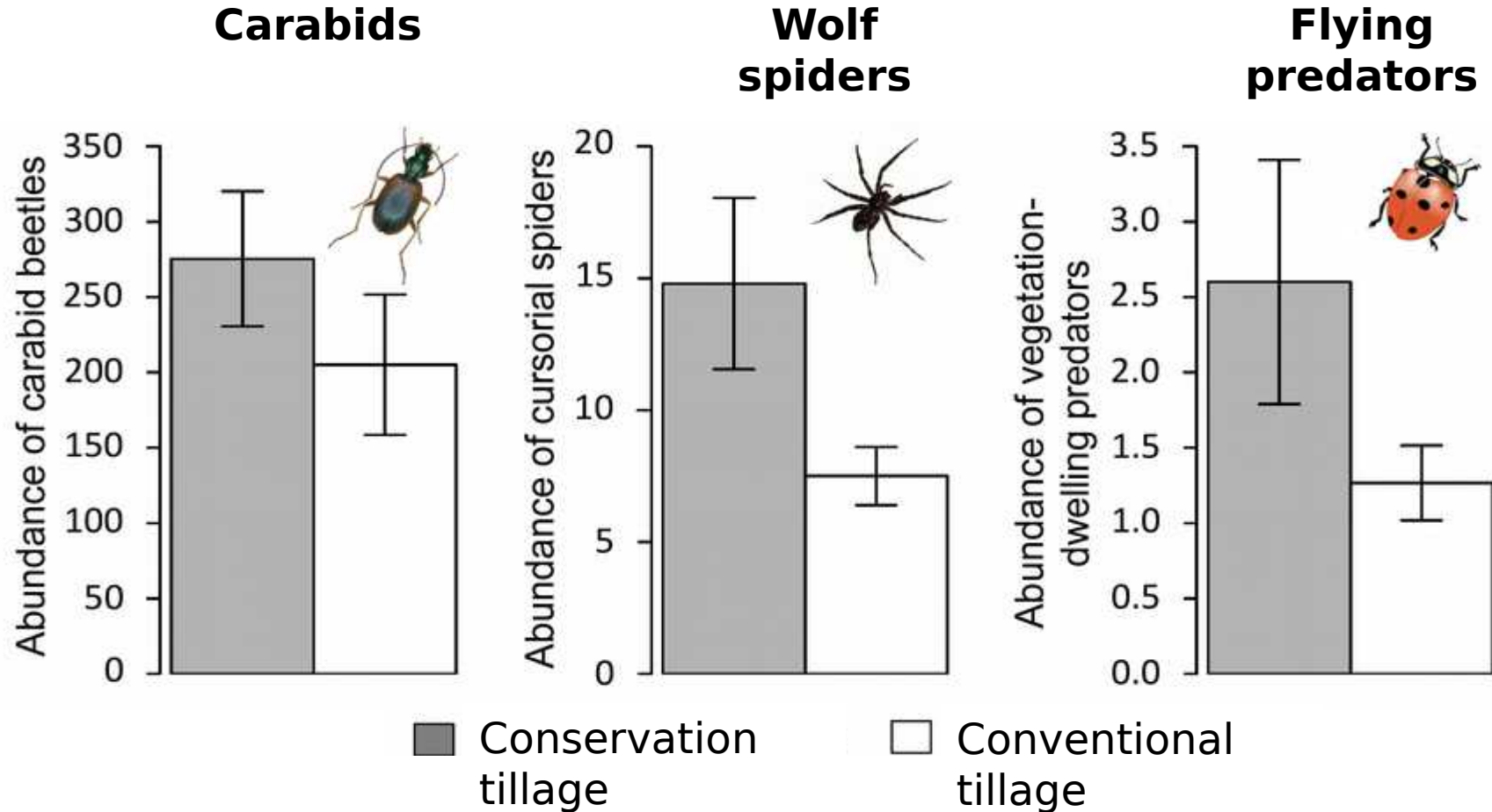
In-field management

- Set-aside
- Tillage
- Fertilizing
- Crop diversity
- ...etc



Rundlöf et al 2018 Ecol Evol

Soil fertility enhances predators and pest control

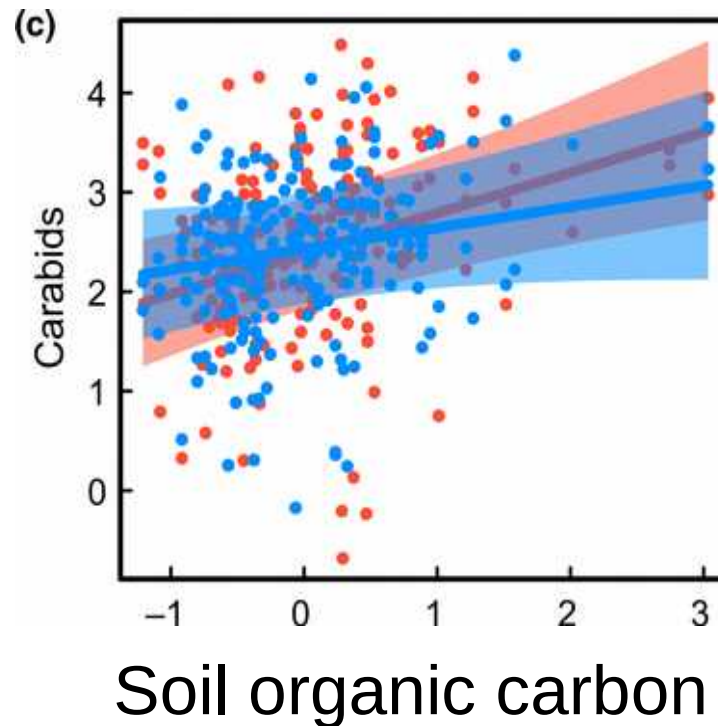


Tamburini et al 2015 J Appl Ecol
 see also
 Gagic et al 2017 Ecology letters
 Riggi & Bommarco submitted

15 pairs of fields in NE Italy

Soil carbon and pest control

Carabid beetles



- With mineral fertiliser
- No mineral fertiliser

7 European countries
114 fields with contrasting
Soil organic carbon



Vesna Gagic

Gagic et al 2017 Ecol Lett

Use other perennial habitats?



An aerial photograph of a rural landscape showing a mix of agricultural fields in various stages of growth and colors (green, yellow, brown). A winding road cuts through the fields, and a small farmstead with several buildings is visible in the middle ground. The overall scene illustrates a diversified agricultural system.

**Emerging Theme:
Diversified agriculture**

e.g. Kremen & Miles 2012 *Eology & Society*
Isbell et al 2017 *J Ecol*



The ecological intensification concept is gaining ground

Shows promise to:

- Replace inputs
- Reduce pressure on environment
- Likely to spread risks
- Without compromising yield
- Agronomy + Ecology = True

Knowledge gaps:

- Management-biodiversity-services
- Stabilization of yield
- Diversification combinations
- Multiple services
- Technology needs

Thanks for listening!

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twitter: @BommarcoLab



Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences



Forskningsrådet Formas

Formas främjar framstående forskning för hållbar utveckling



Stiftelsen Lantbruksforskning



Agriculture, Food Security and Climate Change

FACCEJPI