





Conference

Forests and the climate

Manage for maximum wood production or leave the forest as a carbon sink?

Time Starts on Monday 12th March, 2018 at 10 AM (registration and coffee at 9.30 AM) and ends on

Tuesday 13 March at 5 PM.

Venue The Royal Swedish Academy of Agriculture and Forestry, Drottninggatan 95 B, Stockholm.

Registration The invitation is personal. Last day for registration is 15th January, 2018.

Fee and There is no registration fee. However, cancellation must be made in writing to

cancellation gun.askero@ksla.se no later than 1st March, 2018. Otherwise, you will be charged SEK 500.

Webb The seminar will be broadcasted at www.ksla.se

Posters A selection of posters will be displayed during the meeting. If you wish to present your research

in a poster, please submit your abstract (max. 200 words) to the scientific committee

(birgitta.naumburg@ksla.se) no later than 20th January, 2018.

Questions Registration: Gun Askerö, gun.aksero@ksla.se, + 46 8 54 54 77 12

Content: Birgitta Naumburg, birgitta.naumburg@ksla.se, +46 8 5454 7707, or

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Technology.

The Paris Agreement sets ambitious targets for climate mitigation, which require transformation of the production and consumption systems that generate greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, mainly due to fossil fuel use. Bioenergy is currently the largest renewable energy source used in the EU. Most Member States have, in absolute terms, increased their use of forest biomass for energy towards meeting their Year 2020 renewable energy targets.

The interaction of forests with the climate system is complex. Climate change affects forests, and at the same time forests and forest products industries play important roles in the GHG balance, in that they sequester and store carbon and displace fossil fuels and other products, which would otherwise cause GHG emissions. Forests can also affect the climate in other ways, for example, by modulating the share of incoming sunlight that is reflected back into space (instead of warming the earth surface).

The scientific literature provides a variety of views on how different forests and forest management options can be adapted to climate change—and there are also divergences in view on how they affect the climate. One reason for this diversity of opinion is that scientists assess climate change mitigation and adaptation in the forest sector from different perspectives and entry-points—all of which have their merits. The different contexts of the analyses that are performed exert a strong influence on the formulation of the research questions, as well as on the methods and assumptions related to critical parameters that are then applied. This in turn has a decisive impact on the results and conclusions. The ongoing and vigorous debate on these topics among experts often leads to confusion among decision-makers and citizens.

The purpose of this conference is to establish a shared view regarding some basic principles concerning the role of forests in climate mitigation and adaptation. This is needed for scientists to provide good advice to policy-makers. While mitigation and adaptation are two sides of the same coin, special focus will in this conference be placed on forests and forest management for climate change mitigation.

The conference aims to:

- facilitate a dialogue about the roles of forests and forest management in climate change mitigation, so as to advance scientific understanding of the topic and clarify divergent views and their underlying rationales;
- identify knowledge gaps and priorities for future research and data collection, with the aims of improving scientific understanding and supporting policy development of relevance to forest management in the context of climate change mitigation and adaptation; and
- produce and disseminate a state-of-the-art view of forests and climate that reflects the outcomes of the exchanges of opinions and areas of agreement that emerge from the conference.

The conference is organized by The Royal Swedish Academy of Agriculture and Forestry, The Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences, and The Royal Swedish Academy of Engineering Sciences. It consists of an expert workshop (one and a half days) followed by a half-day session during which the outcomes of the workshop will be presented and discussed in a forum that includes not only scientists and engineers, but also industry representatives, government officials, policy-makers, and politicians.

Welcome!

Eva Pettersson

General Secretary and Managing

Director,

The Royal Swedish Academy of Agriculture and Forestry, KSLA

Göran K. Hansson Secretary General,

The Royal Swedish Academy of

Sciences

Tuula Teeri President,

The Royal Swedish Academy of

Engineering Sciences

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Modera	ator: Mattias Goldmann, FORES	
Monday, 12 March		
10.00	Welcome Lisa Sennerby Forsse, President of the Academy, KSLA	
	Session 1: The carbon cycle and the role of forests in climate change mitigation	
10.05	Introduction Mattias Goldmann, moderator	
10.10	Societal transitions towards climate neutrality: challenges and strategic choices Anders Wijkman, Co-president Club of Rome, Chair Climate Kic	
10.25	EU policy processes of relevance for the theme of the conference Fredrick Federley and Jakop Dalunde, Members of the European Parliament	
10.35	Introduction to the expert workshop: background, working procedures and expected outcome Göran Berndes, Professor, Chalmers University of Technology, Sweden	
11.00	Open discussions	
11.30- 13.20	Lunch & poster session	
	Session 2: Assessing the climate effects of forestry and biomass production – why the lack of consensus?	
13.20	The carbon cycle and forest-climate interactions: principles and considerations Werner Kurz, Dr. Senior Research Scientist, Canadian Forest Service, Canada	
13.50	Assessing the climate effects of forestry and biomass production: the outcome depends on questions asked and how these are answered Annette Cowie, Adjunct Professor, University of New England, Australia	
14.20	Understanding the bioeconomy: principles, considerations, and insights. Robert Abt, Professor, College of Natural Resources, NC State University, USA	
14.50	Open discussion	

Coffee/tea

15.20

15.50	Comparison of selection systems and rotation-forestry system: conditions for biomass extraction, carbon balances and climate effects Johan Bergh, Professor, Linné University, Sweden	
16.10	A principal choice – manage forests for wood production or leave the forest as a carbon sink: carbon balances and climate effects Gert-Jan Nabuurs, Professor, Wageningen University, The Netherlands	
16.30	Climate effects of forestry and substitution of carbon-intensive materials and fossil fuels – a country level study for Sweden Leif Gustavsson, Professor, Linné University, Sweden	
17.00	Comment and reflections on the presentations Invited commentators	
17.30	Open discussion	
18.00	End day 1	
Tuesday, 13 March		
08:30	Registration of new participants	
	Session 3: Continued	
09.00	The climate impact of forestry extends beyond its carbon budget Sebastiaan Luyssaert, Associate Professor, Vrije University, Amsterdam, The Netherlands	
09.30	Finnish case study – to increase or not to increase harvesting level. Do the biophysics matter? Tuomo Kalliokoski, Postdoctoral researcher, University of Helsinki, Finland	
10.00	Synthesis and conclusions from sessions 2-3 Mattias Goldmann, moderator	
10.30	Coffee/Tea	
	Session 4: Meeting the targets of the Paris Climate Agreement – the role of forests and biomass	
11.00	Bioenergy in the energy system – now and in the future Filip Johnsson, Professor, Chalmers University of Technology, Sweden	
11.30	Together towards the bioeconomy – Bioenergy done right Åsa Forsum, Head of unit sustainable bioenergy, The Swedish Energy Agency	
12.00	Comment and reflections on the presentations Invited commentators	

Session 3: The climate effects of forestry and biomass production – carbon balances under different forest management regimes

12.30	Open discussion
13.00	Lunch
	Session 5: Presentation and discussion of workshop outcome
14.00	Input from policy, authorities, industry and research
15.00	Coffee/tea
15.30	Panel discussion with audience
16.30	Summary and conclusions
17.00	Closing of the conference